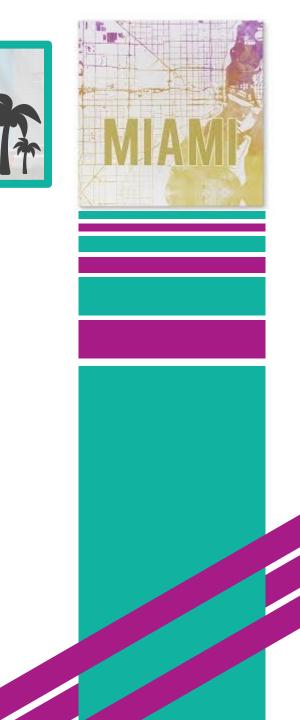


Lecture 17T

Produced by Dr. Worldwide

- Goals listed in order based on priority
 - Achieve a 60%/40% ratio of Martians to Earthers at each of the asteroids
 - Minimize the amount of traveling that people will have to do, ideally no more than 30,000 million miles
 - Keep all asteroids close to capacity and minimize overcrowding proportionally allocating the excess among the asteroids
- Q: How can we formulate and solve a goal programming model to help these representatives with their dilemma?
- Decision variables
 - x_{ij} = Number of martians from asteroid *i* assigned to asteroid *j*
 - y_{ij} = Number of earthers from asteroid *i* assigned to asteroid *j*
 - $i, j \in \{V, H, P, C\}$



- Goal 1: Achieve fair representation in all 4 asteroids
 - Consider perfect balance for Vesta

Percent Martian _ 0.6	
Percent Earther $-\frac{1}{0.4}$	
$\frac{\frac{Total Martian}{Total Earther}}{\frac{Total Martian}{Total Earther}} = \frac{0.6}{0.4}$	
$\frac{Total\ Martian}{=} = \frac{0.6}{100}$	
$\frac{\overline{Total Earther}}{\overline{Total Martian}} = \frac{0.6}{0.4}$ $\overline{Total Earther}$	

Total Earther 0.4

0.4(Total Martian) - 0.6(Total Earther) = 0 $0.4(x_{VV} + x_{HV} + x_{PV} + x_{CV}) - 0.6(y_{VV} + y_{HV} + y_{PV} + y_{CV}) = 0$



- Goal 1: Achieve fair representation in all 4 asteroids
 - Adding deviational variables for Vesta

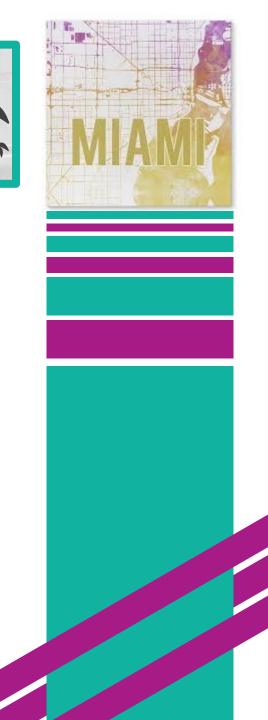
 $0.4(x_{VV} + x_{HV} + x_{PV} + x_{CV}) - 0.6(y_{VV} + y_{HV} + y_{PV} + y_{CV}) + d_1^- - d_1^+ = 0$

• Consider constraints for each of the asteroids

 $\begin{array}{l} 0.4(x_{VV}+x_{HV}+x_{PV}+x_{CV})-0.6(y_{VV}+y_{HV}+y_{PV}+y_{CV})+d_{1}^{-}-d_{1}^{+}=0\\ 0.4(x_{VH}+x_{HH}+x_{PH}+x_{CH})-0.6(y_{VH}+y_{HH}+y_{PH}+y_{CH})+d_{2}^{-}-d_{2}^{+}=0\\ 0.4(x_{VP}+x_{HP}+x_{PP}+x_{CP})-0.6(y_{VP}+y_{HP}+y_{PP}+y_{CP})+d_{3}^{-}-d_{3}^{+}=0\\ 0.4(x_{VC}+x_{HC}+x_{PC}+x_{CC})-0.6(y_{VC}+y_{HC}+y_{PC}+y_{CC})+d_{4}^{-}-d_{4}^{+}=0 \end{array}$

- To accomplish our goal, we want all of these deviational variables to be as small as possible
- First priority objective

Minimize $P_1(d_1^- + d_1^+ + d_2^- + d_2^+ + d_3^- + d_3^+ + d_4^- + d_4^+)$



- Goal 2: Minimize total travel to not much more than 30,000 million miles
 - Recall the following table in millions of miles

Asteroid	Vesta	Hygiea	Pallas	Ceres
Vesta	-	30	12	20
Hygiea	30	-	18	26
Pallas	12	18	-	24
Ceres	20	26	24	-

• Formulation for constraint based on total miles

 $30(x_{VH} + y_{VH} + x_{HV} + y_{HV}) + 12(x_{VP} + y_{VP} + x_{PV} + y_{PV})$ $+ 20(x_{VC} + y_{VC} + x_{CV} + y_{CV}) + 18(x_{HV} + y_{HV} + x_{VH} + y_{VH})$ $+ 26(x_{HC} + y_{HC} + x_{CH} + y_{CH}) + 24(x_{PC} + y_{PC} + x_{CP} + y_{CP}) + d_5^- - d_5^+ = 30,000$

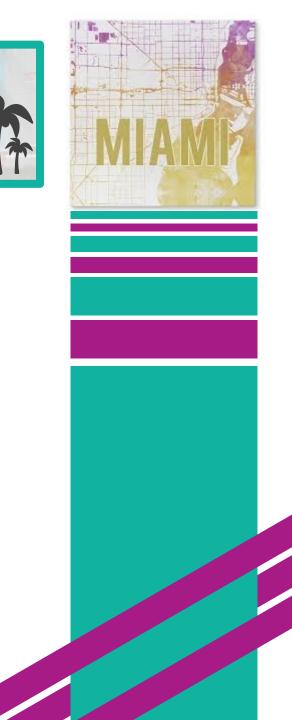
• Updated objective function for second priority Minimize $P_1(d_1^- + d_1^+ + d_2^- + d_2^+ + d_3^- + d_3^+ + d_4^- + d_4^+), P_2(d_5^+)$



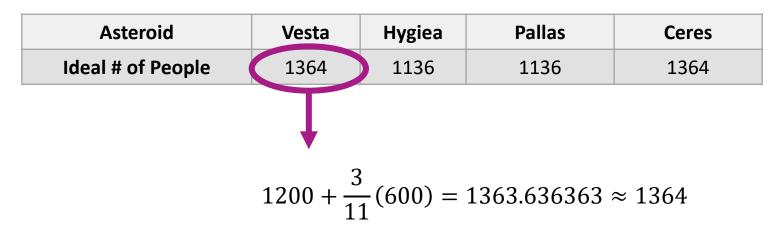
- Goal 3: Minimize overcrowding at each asteroid, proportionally allocating the excess among the asteroids
 - Recall the following table

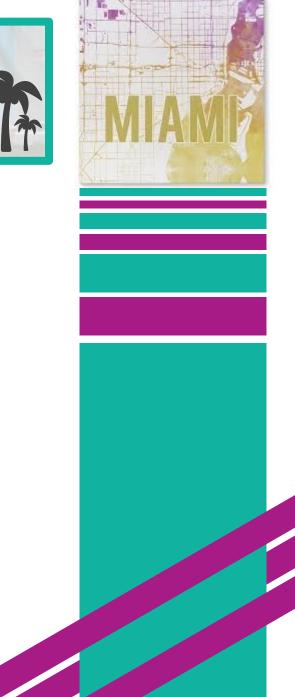
Asteroid	# of Martians	# of Earthers	Capacity
Vesta	1000	300	1200
Hygiea	450	800	1000
Pallas	1050	400	1000
Ceres	500	500	1200

- Recall that there are 5,000 total people for capacity of 4,400
- The excess of 600 people needs to be split between the asteroids
- Q: How can we handle this proportionally?



- Goal 3: Minimize overcrowding at each asteroid, proportionally allocating the excess among the asteroids
 - We want to manage the excess according to the capacities
 - Asteroids that are bigger should take larger portions of the overflow
 - We prefer if Vesta and Ceres take 1200/4400 = 3/11 of the excess
 - We prefer if Hygiea and Pallas take 1000/4400 = 5/22 of the excess
 - Capacities are expanded to handle the overflow (rounded up)





- Goal 3: Minimize overcrowding at each asteroid, proportionally allocating the excess among the asteroids
 - Constraints with deviational variables

 $\begin{aligned} x_{VV} + y_{VV} + x_{HV} + y_{HV} + x_{PV} + y_{PV} + x_{CV} + y_{CV} + d_6^- - d_6^+ &= 1364 \\ x_{VH} + y_{VH} + x_{HH} + y_{HH} + x_{PH} + y_{PH} + x_{CH} + y_{CH} + d_7^- - d_7^+ &= 1136 \\ x_{VP} + y_{VP} + x_{HP} + y_{HP} + x_{PP} + y_{PP} + x_{CP} + y_{CP} + d_8^- - d_8^+ &= 1136 \\ x_{VC} + y_{VC} + x_{HC} + y_{HC} + x_{PC} + y_{PC} + x_{CC} + y_{CC} + d_9^- - d_9^+ &= 1364 \end{aligned}$

• Updated objective function for third priority

Minimize
$$P_1(d_1^- + d_1^+ + d_2^- + d_2^+ + d_3^- + d_3^+ + d_4^- + d_4^+),$$

 $P_2(d_5^+),$
 $P_3(d_6^- + d_6^+ + d_7^- + d_7^+ + d_8^- + d_8^+ + d_9^- + d_9^+)$

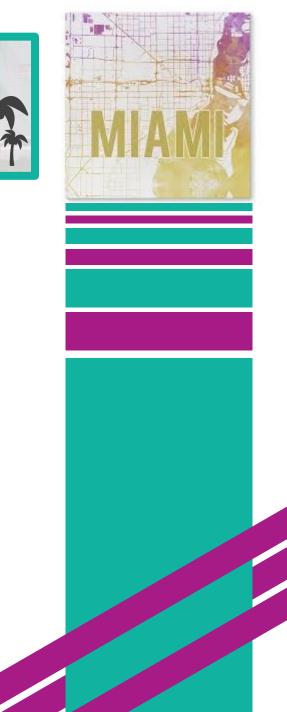


- Additional constraints
 - We cannot move more people than what is currently available

Asteroid	# of Martians	# of Earthers	Capacity
Vesta	1000	300	1200
Hygiea	450	800	1000
Pallas	1050	400	1000
Ceres	500	500	1200

• List of constraints

 $x_{VV} + x_{VH} + x_{VP} + x_{VC} = 1000$ $y_{VV} + y_{VH} + y_{VP} + y_{VC} = 300$ $x_{HV} + x_{HH} + x_{HP} + x_{HC} = 450$ $y_{HV} + y_{HH} + y_{HP} + y_{HC} = 800$ $x_{PV} + x_{PH} + x_{PP} + x_{PC} = 1050$ $y_{PV} + y_{PH} + y_{PP} + y_{PC} = 400$ $x_{CV} + x_{CH} + x_{CP} + x_{CC} = 500$ $y_{CV} + y_{CH} + y_{CP} + y_{CC} = 500$



• Additional integer constraints

 $\begin{aligned} x_{ij} &\in \{0,1,\cdots\} \\ y_{ij} &\in \{0,1,\cdots\} \end{aligned}$

- Download Expanse.xlsx from link Sheet 1 on course website
- Tab called Priority 1
 - Matrices of decision variables

Martians	Vesta	Hygiea	Pallas	Ceres	Total	Deficit	Surplus
Vesta	0	0	0	0	0		Sulpius
Hygiea	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Pallas	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ceres	0	0	0	0	0		
Total	0	0	0	0		0	
						0	
						0	
Earthers	Vesta	Hygiea	Pallas	Ceres	Total		
Vesta	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Hygiea	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Pallas	0	0	0	0	0		
Ceres	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	0	0	0	0		0	



0

- Tab called Priority 1
 - Notice all the different constraints and inspect formulas

Constraints:						
	Deficit	Surplus	Computed	Constraint	Value	
0	0	0	0	=	0	Balance at Vesta
0	0	0	0	=	0	Balance at Hygiea
0	0	0	0	=	0	Balance at Pallas
0	0	0	0	=	0	Balance at Ceres
0	0	0	0	=	30000	Total Distance Travelled
0	0	0	0	=	1364	Overcrowding at Vesta
0	0	0	0	=	1136	Overcrowding at Hygiea
0	0	0	0	=	1136	Overcrowding at Pallas
0	0	0	0	=	1364	Overcrowding at Ceres
			0	=	1000	Martians at Vesta
			0	=	300	Earthers at Vesta
			0	=	450	Martians at Hygiea
			0	=	800	Earthers at Hygiea
			0	=	1050	Martians at Pallas
			0	=	400	Earthers at Pallas
			0	=	500	Martians at Ceres
			0	=	500	Earthers at Ceres



• Tab called Priority 1

41

• First objective function

Minimize $d_1^- + d_1^+ + d_2^- + d_2^+ + d_3^- + d_3^+ + d_4^- + d_4^+$

• Observe formula for objective function

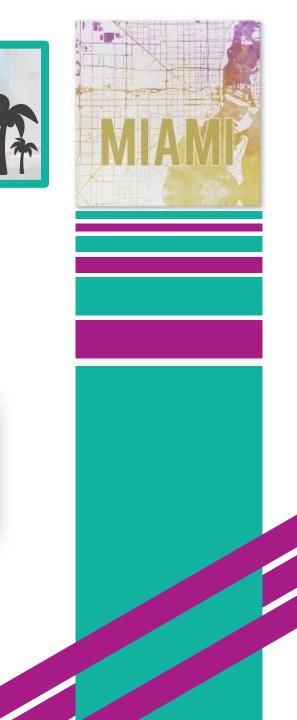
39 **Objective function:**

40 d1^- + d1^+ + d2^- + d2^+ + d3^- + d3^+ + d4^- + d4^+

• Q: What is "B20:C23" referring to and what is "SUM" doing?

0 =SUM(B20:C23)

• Use Excel solver to find the optimal solution



- Tab called Priority 1
 - Optimal solution

Martians	Vesta	Hygiea	Pallas	Ceres	Total] [
Vesta	461	538	1	0	1000	
Hygiea	0	140	65	245	450	H
Pallas	0	0	1050	0	1050	
Ceres	1	0	0	499	500	
Total	462	678	1116	744		
Earthers	Vesta	Hygiea	Pallas	Ceres	Total	П
Vesta	300	0	0	0	300	П
Hygiea	1	452	344	3	800	
Pallas	0	0	400	0	400	
Ceres	7	0	0	493	500	
Total	308	452	744	496		

	Deficit	Surplus
	0	1.71E-13
	0	0
	0	0
H	0	0
1	0	152
1	594	0
	6	0
	0	724
	124	0

- Tab called Priority 2
 - Notice the additional constraint and inspect formula

0 **=** 0 First goal optimal

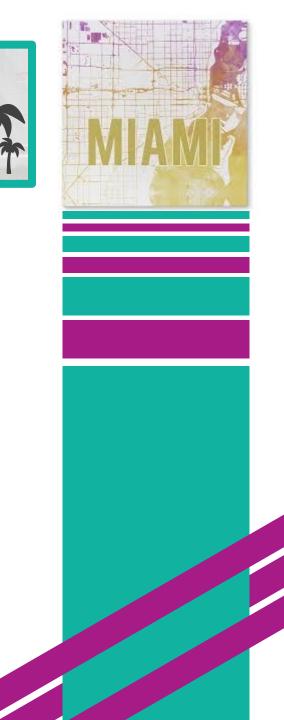
• Second objective function

Minimize d_5^+

• Observe formula for objective function

40 Objective function:
 41 d5^+
 42 0 =SUM(C24)

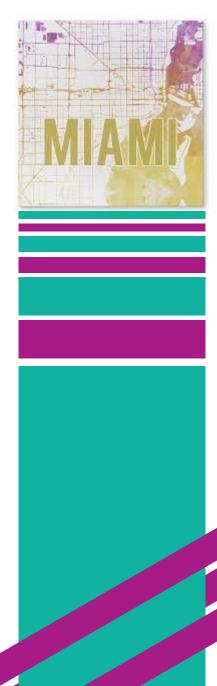
• Use Excel solver to find optimal solution



- Tab called Priority 2
 - Optimal solution

Martians	Vesta	Hygiea	Pallas	Ceres	Total
Vesta	306	442	1	251	1000
Hygiea	0	223	227	0	450
Pallas	0	6	1044	0	1050
Ceres	0	1	0	499	500
Total	306	672	1272	750	
Earthers	Vesta	Hygiea	Pallas	Ceres	Total
Vesta	204	0	96	0	300
Hygiea	0	448	352	0	800
Pallas	0	0	400	0	400
Ceres	0	0	0	500	500
Total	204	448	848	500	

Deficit	Surplus
0	1.279E-13
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
854	0
16	0
0	984
114	0



- Tab called Priority 3
 - Notice the additional constraint

0 =	0	First goal optimal
0 =	0	Second goal optimal

• Second objective function

Minimize $d_6^- + d_6^+ + d_7^- + d_7^+ + d_8^- + d_8^+ + d_9^- + d_9^+$

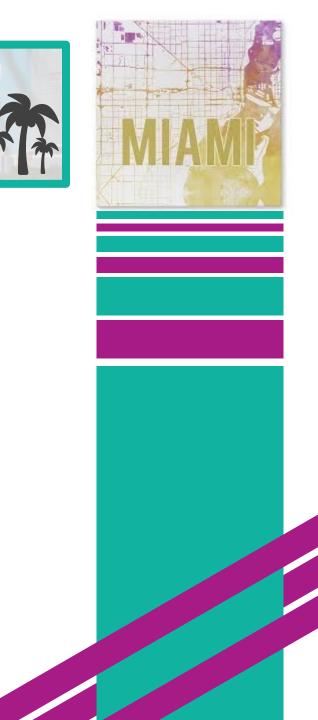
• Formula for this objective similar to first objective

 41
 Objective function:

 42
 d6^- + d6^+ + d7^- + d7^+ + d8^- + d8^+ + d9^- + d9^+

 43
 0

• Use Excel solver to find optimal solution



- Tab called Priority 3
 - Optimal solution

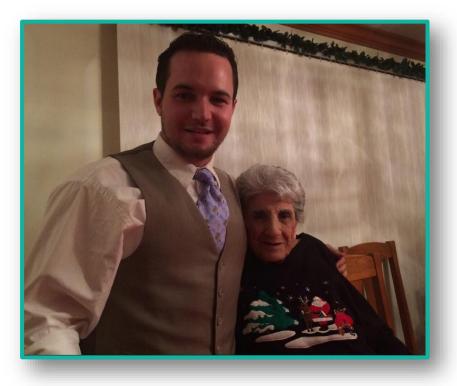
Martians	Vesta	Hygiea	Pallas	Ceres	Total
Vesta	643.77333	37.826667	0	318.4	1000
Hygiea	174.62667	275.37333	0	0	450
Pallas	0	368.4	681.6	0	1050
Ceres	0	0	0	500	500
Total	818.4	681.6	681.6	818.4	
Earthers	Vesta	Hygiea	Pallas	Ceres	Total
Vesta	254.4	0	0	45.6	300
Hygiea	0	454.4	345.6	0	800
Pallas	291.2	0	108.8	0	400
Ceres	0	0	0	500	500
Total	545.6	454.4	454.4	545.6	

Deficit	Surplus
0	0
-1.28E-13	0
0	1.279E-13
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	1.421E-13
0	0

• Q: What is the problem with the optimal solution?



- Tab called Priority 3
 - Q: What do you mean you cannot move half a person?



• Try to add integer constraints and see what happens









The End



Dale